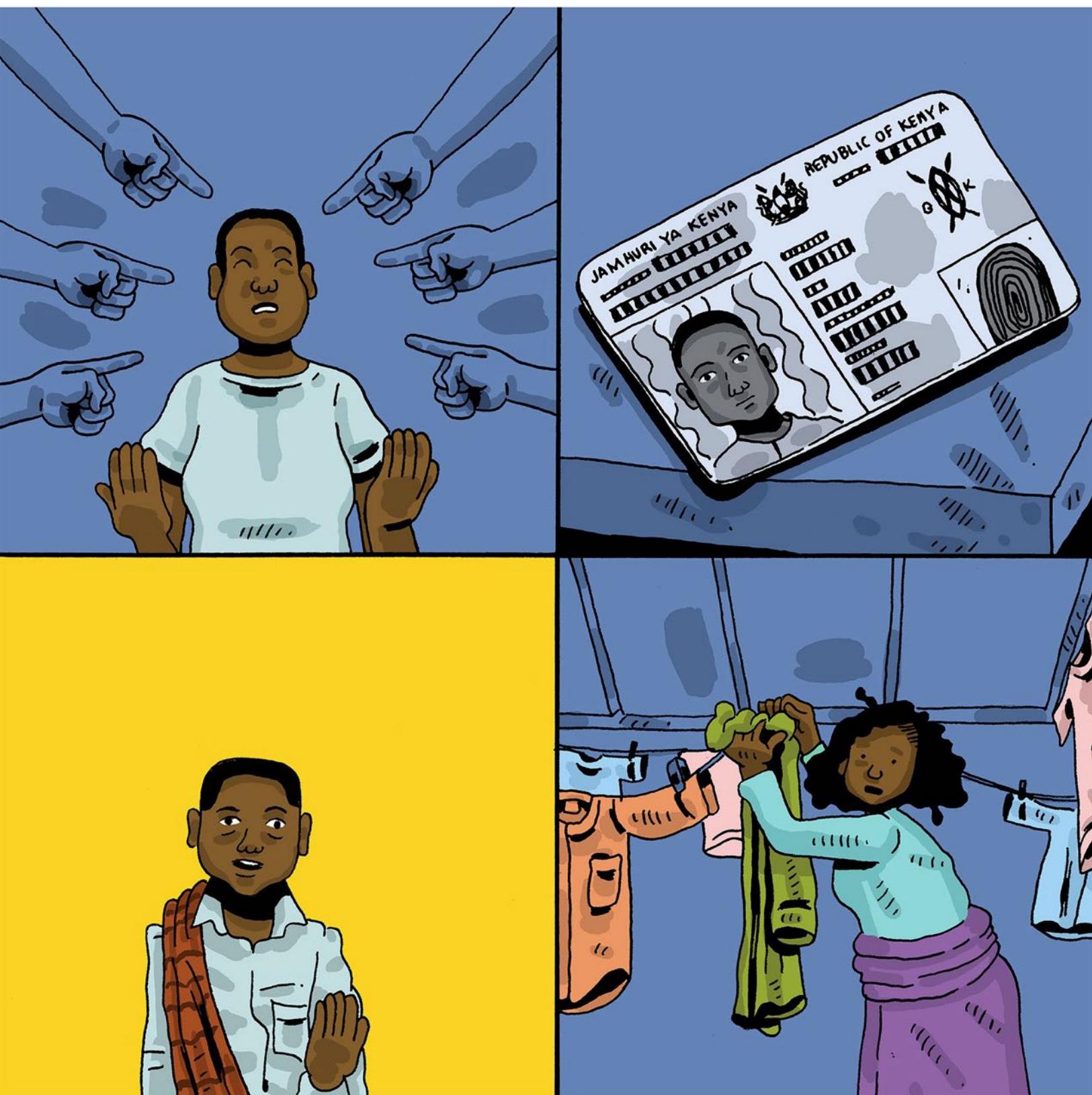


Utumwa wa Kisasa - Kenya

Hakuna Utambulisho, Hakuna Ulinzi: Hakuna anayejua
niko hapa



**Freedom Fund
Modern Slavery
Credits**

Kenya

Produced with research from
African Migration and Development Policy Centre, United Nations University Centre for Policy
Research and the Freedom Fund

Researchers - Kenya

In Kenya, coordination was led by Dr. Linda Adhiambo Ocho, Veronica Mwangi, with support from Faith Wanjiku of AZADI Community, Peter Olewe of AZADI Community and David Muthama of the Refugee Legal Network.

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Hapa Kenya kuna watu wengi walio katika hatari ya utumwa wa kisasa ama ulanguzi wa binadamu. Janga hili linagusa Wakenya, Wahamiaji na jamii za wakimbizi...



Jamii za wahamiaji kutoka Afrika Mashariki huwa zina asili tofauti za kikabila na kitamaduni .



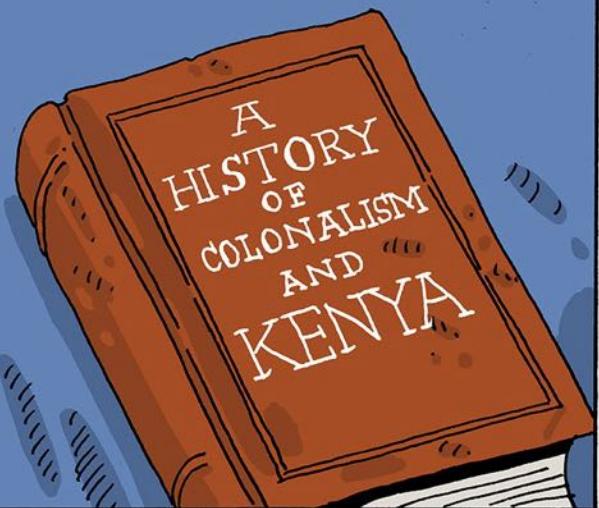
Ikiwemo Waeritrea,
Waethiopia, Wasudani na
Wasomalia.



Wakenya wengi na wahamiaji wamekumbana na matatizo katika kupata stakabadhi za uraia au vitambulisho vinyavyotolewa na serikali.



Baadhi ya matatizo haya ni ya kihistoria...



... na uchelewaji unachangiwa na uhakiki wa muda mrefu na michakato ya uthibitishaji



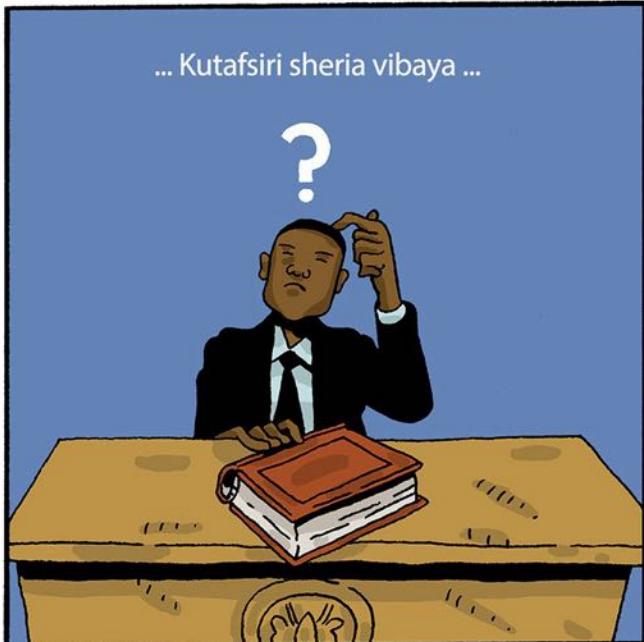
Ukosefu wa stakabadhi au hati
hizi una athari kubwa kwa
maisha ya walioathirika.



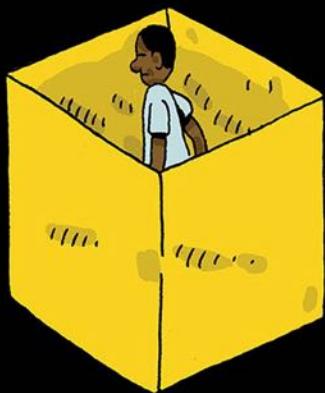
Bila stakabadhi au hati hizi, watu
hulazimishwa kuchukua kazi sisizo
salama, na majukumu ya utumwa
katika uchumi usio rasmi.



Ukosefu wa urasimu...



...matumizi ya sheria kubagua, kando na masuala haya, huwaweka watu
wasio na stakabadhi hizi kwa hatari ya utumwa wa kisasa..



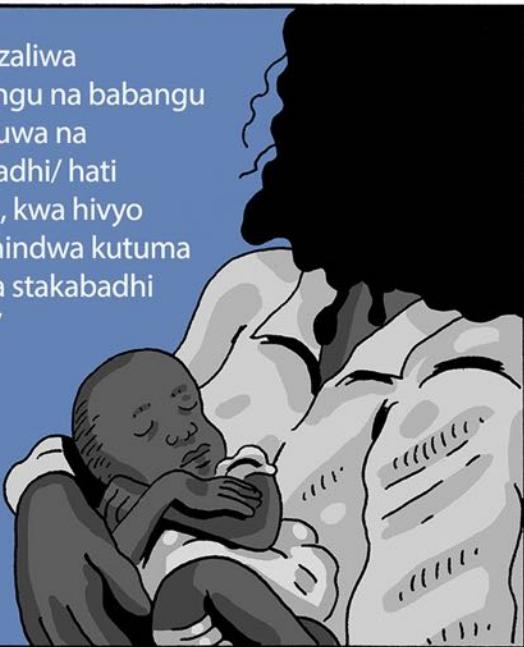
Nina umri wa miaka thelathini na nne (34), nimeishi*Kenya. Hii ndio nchi pekee ambayo nimewahi kujua, ninafanya kazi ya kufua nguo



Mimi ni kizazi cha nne (4) kwa familia yangu ambayo imekuwa bila stakabadhi/hati, ingawa tumeishi Kenya siku zote.



"Nilipozaliwa mamangu na babangu hawakuwa na stakabadhi/ hati zozote,, kwa hivyo nimeshindwa kutuma ombi la stakabadhi zangu."



Kufua nguo za watu, au kusafisha nyumba zao ndiyo kazi pekee ninayoweza kupata.



Watu hunitumia vibaya, lakini chaguolipi ninalo, ila kufanya kazi hii?



Sitendewi vyema na watu ninaowafanyia kazi.



Wananitesa kwa sababu sina njia ya kuthibitisha kuwa mimi ni Mkenya.



Zamani nimeshawahinyanyaswa kijinsia na watu niliokuwa nawafanyia kazi. Sikuwaambia walioko kwa mamlaka, sikuwa na imani kwamba wangenisaidia.



Ninafanya kazi kwa muda mrefu sana, wakati mwингine bila malipo yoyote.



Watu ninaowafanyia kazi, walikataa kunilipa ...



...Na ninapolalamika, wakanambia kwamba wanaweza fanya kile wanachopenda...



kwa sababu walisema hakuna mtu aliyekuwa anajua kuwa niko pale.



Nilizaliwa nchini Kenya.

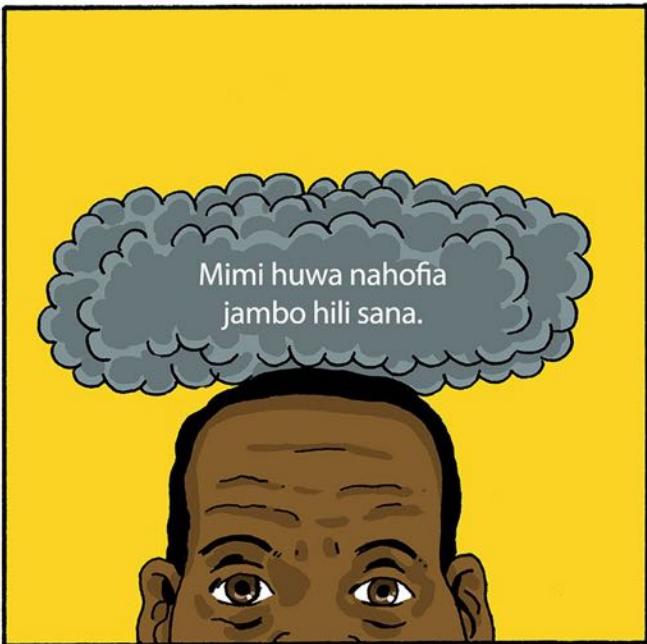
"Nilipokuwa mdogo mama yangu alifariki na nikabaki peke yangu. Bado namkumbuka."

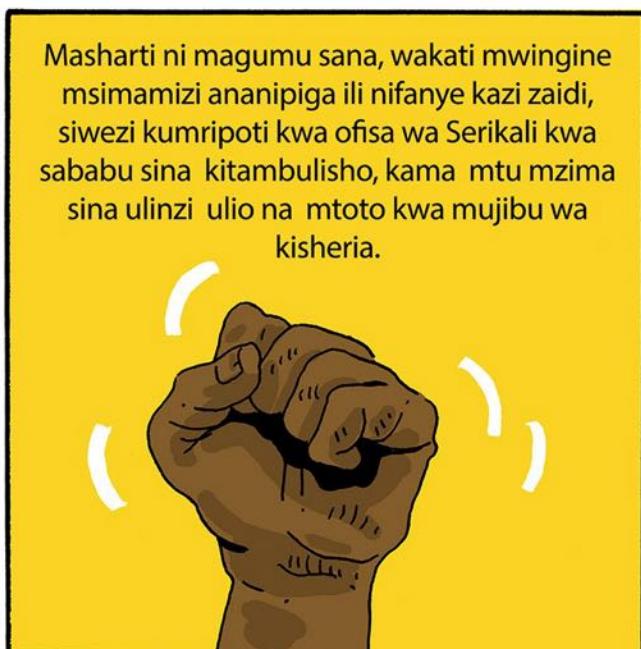
Kwa sababu hakuna mtu ambaye angeweza kunitunza nilichukuliwa na kituocha watoto yatima, niliishi maisha yangu ya utotoni huko.

Nilipoondoka kwenye kituo cha watoto yatima taasisi hiyo haikunipa stakabadhi/hati zangu rasmi zilizothibitisha kuwa ninatoka Kenya ...

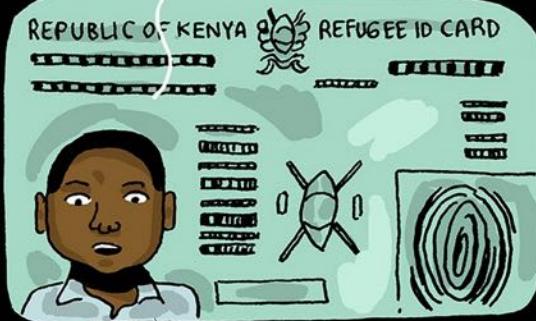
Kwa sababu hii siwezi kupata stakabadhi/hati zozote za kisheria.

Nina wasiwasi, watu hunifirkiria vibaya kwa sababu niliishi katika kituo cha watoto yatima.





Siwezi kupata kazi rasmi
ingawa nina cheti cha
uthibitisho wa kusajiliwa kama
mkimbizi/mtafuta hifadhi,
lakini sina kitambulisho cha
wakimbizi.



Nahitaji stakabadhi/karatasi za
kunisiaidia kwa mambo haya,
lakini mara nyingi
waliokwamamlaka hutuchukulia
tofauti; wanaamini mtu wa Sudan
(mkimbizi) hana pesa.

Nimejaribu kuomba kitambulisho, lakini afisa wa
serikali huwa anauliza hati tofauti, ilhali zingine
hazitakiwi kisheria. Natamani niishi maisha yangu lakini
nahitaji stakabadhi/karatasi rasmi ili nifanye kazi.



Katuni hii imetengenezwa na **Daniel Locke**
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Uhamiaji na Maendeleo ya Afrika
(AMADPOC), na **United Nations
University Centre for Policy
Research/Kituo cha Utafiti wa Sera cha
Umoja wa Mataifa, kwa ushirikiano na
Freedom Fund/Mfuko wa Uhuru.****

Utafiti uliofanywa nchini Kenya
unaonyesha jinsi ukosefu wa kupata
stakabadhi /hati rasmi kati ya raia na
wahamiaji huweza kuongeza hatari yao ya
utumwa wa kisasa.Utafiti huu unaonyesha
kuwa ukosefu wa stakabadhi /nyaraka
rasmi huzuia upatikanaji wa huduma
muhimu na huongeza hatari za unyanya.
Pia, unapendekeza sera zinazofaa ili
kushungulikia changamoto hizi
zinazojumuisha kijamii na kiuchumi.

*Unaweza kujifunza zaidi kuhusu matokeo ya
utafiti huu katika ripoti kamili yenye kichwa
"Bila Kitambulisho Hakuna Ulinzi: Jinsi
ukosefu wa stakabadhi rasmi/ nyaraka
unasukuma watu kwa utumwa wa kisasa"*

